12.—Statistics of Forty Leading Industries of the Province of Ontario, 1928—concluded.

						
Industry.	Estab- lish- ments.	Capital.	Em- ployees.	Salaries and Wages.	Cost of Materials.	Gross Value of Products.
	No.	\$	No.			;
Machinery	116	44,343,656	6,429	8,933,960	10,751,421	31,955,826
Sawmill products	923	48,963,426			17,757,266	31,422,230
Sheet metal products	77	25,755,585			15,042,690	
Leather, tanned, etc	40	26,574,429				
Petroleum products	9	20,065,748				30,515,904
Printing and publishing.,	296					
Planing mill products	336	28,572,322	5,861	6,582,920	15,586,143	26,454,235
Acids, alkalies, salts and com-		05 450 004		A 600 F46	49 400 400	
pressed gases	20					
Printing and bookbinding	418	21,081,495		7,969,675		
Coke and gas products	22 6	46,629,491				
Distilleries	36	29, 255, 493 24, 055, 399				19,883,092 19,742,431
Breweries	65	15,120,933			11,751,191	
Boots and shoes, leather	65	11,174,306				
Hardware and tools	84	21,311,395				
Cotton yarn and cloth	16	19,486,715		4,409,724	9,319,754	
Clothing, men's factory	61	9,996,629				
Automobile supplies	45	15,516,147				
Fruit and vegetable canning, etc	130	20,595,039				15,360,342
Soaps, washing compounds and		24,200,400	4,015	, ,		10,000,022
toilet preparations	56	14,280,294	1,570	1,729,544	8,497,924	14,840,724
Boxes and bags, paper	76	11,826,229		3,219,740	7,060,874	
Lithographing and engraving	64	14,191,018		5,957,961	3,991,347	13,547,878
Paints and varnishes	33	9,560,599	1,297	1,959,288	7,372,087	13,508,548
Totals, Forty Leading Industries	7,215	1,842,973,454	241,855	299,835,287	838,008,444	1,550,225,872
Grand Totals, All Industries	9,900	2,275,921,056	320,729	391,375,947	1,034,501,240	1,949,724,119
Percentages of forty leading in- dustries to grand totals	72.88	80-97	75-41	76-61	81-00	79-51

Subsection 4.—The Manufactures of the Prairie Provinces, 1928.

The flour-milling industry is outstanding among the manufactures of the Prairie Provinces. During 1928, as will be seen from Table 13, the gross value of the products of flour mills was greater in each province except Manitoba than that of any other industry and amounted to \$18,788,855 in Manitoba, \$15,781,289 in Saskatchewan and \$21,005,113 in Alberta, a combined total of over 17 p.c. of the gross value of the products of manufactures in these provinces. The second industry in point of gross production was slaughtering and meat-packing, with products valued at \$21,328,420 in Manitoba and \$16,152,956 in Alberta. Butter- and cheese-making showed a gross value of production of \$3,749,518 in Manitoba, \$6,966,282 in Saskatchewan and \$6,810,805 in Alberta.

The importance of these industries, based on such natural resources of the Prairie Provinces as grain-growing and cattle-raising areas, is evident. Attention may also be drawn to the generation of electric light and power in all three provinces and to the refining of petroleum in Alberta.